## PM-RDP75-00149 pproved For Release 2000 R BEPUBLICANS SEEK

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WASHINGTON.

Republican leaders quietly preparing for a major investigation of Kenneds administration handling of the Congo crisis. Signs grow that they will have at leas some Democratic support ... If the Democrats, who control all the committee machinery do not go along the Republicans will proceed or their own by means of warlous party organs. The investigation will center on United States policy in the United Nations and excining the implications of U.S. support for the Airo-Asian bloc at the possible sperifice of the U.S. position in the Western alliance.

It will seek to dramatize the

of UN military action against Moshe Tshombe in Katanga and the lack of similar action against India for the invasion of the Portuguese Province of Goa.

The study, which will be conducted in the House by the Republican Policy Committee, also will examine the whole question of U.S. financial support for the UN and the refusal of other members, including the Soviet Union, to pay their share.

The Congo operation alone has cost the UN a total of \$160,000,000 since July, 1960. The U.S. has paid 48.42 per cent of this total, according to State Department officials, which is close to the legal limit of 50 per cent imposed by Congress. The Russians have paid nothing.

Committee, headed by Sen. William Fulbright, D., Ark., will make its own investiga tion of the Congo affair and the future role of the UN in U. S. foreign policy. If the controlling Democrats oppose it, however, the Republican Policy Committee or some other arm of the Senate minority party will proceed on its own.

Sen. Thomas J. Dodd, 1 Conn., who is a member of the Foreign Relations Committee, called a news conference ye terday to renew his demand for a special Senate committee to probe U. S. policy in the Congo. Just back from a visit to Elizabethville, where he was almost set upon by irregular Katangese troops who were out to get several It may well be that the More on REPUBLICANS-P 15

experts, such as universiti which would then be edited and compiled by the Policy Committee staff and issued as a formal party document. It would have no legislative standing, but it would serve as a thorough, definite source of information for fall Republicans, for use both on and off the House floor.

n the Senate, Sen. Bourke Hickenlooper, R., Iowa, B. who is being pressed to run the vacant post of Sen-Republican Policy Comate mittee chairman, called an investigation of UN policies in the Congo, and United States support thereof, "im-

perative."

We split with our traditional friends over UN military operations in the Congo," he said in an interview. "As for India and Goa, we should have made it publicly clear in advance that under no circurastances would we support military action by India for an invasion of Goa. We should have made it clear that we would re-appraise our wrote assistance program to India if Prime Minister Nebru ordered an invasion. We are now in a very critical situation. I am hopeful that the Foreign Relations Committee will make a serious study of how we got into this predicament and how we should guide our UN policies in the future."

n addition to these two highly placed Republicans, sharp criticism of the Congo affair has already come from former Vice-President Nixon, Sen. Barry Goldwater, Ariz., leading prospect for the 1964 Republican Presidential ndmination, Senate Republidan leader Everett M. Dirk-

sen, Ill., and others. None of these has gone so far as to question the continuing support of the UN by the U.S. But the disgruntlement already evident over the high percentage of the Congo costs coming out of Uncle Sam's pocket, and the skeptim over the UN as "a tool" ci the neutralists, seem to be clear harbinger of the coma irk đebate.

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coneans, he denounced the military operation as "naked aggression. The House Republican olicy Committee chairman John W s...who spoke as follows an interview: We have made a terrific st out of the Congo. Our on attitude toward neus also very definitely very lived in the investigation of Folicy Committee is a fact to UN is impotent to the UN is impotent to the Committee in the Committee communities and the neutral sword this the Whole attitude of the United States toward the UN has become a matter of top priority for examination. If the UN is going to become a tool of Africa and Asia, it is essential that we re-examine the degree to which we place our reliance on it and the degree to which we are willing to pay the bill.

The Republican Policy Communities have avoided partisan studies on foreign bodies and will continue to do so. But the trend of affairs at the UN now makes it essential for us to act.

By the will ask his concerning the communities to authorize an investigation based on a an investigation based on a